The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIV. THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1884—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

COME IN THE FORENOON
IF AT ALL POSSIBLE.

MILLINERY DAY
AT THE
BEE-HIVE

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS

375
BEAUT-TRIMMED HATS,
All Summer Hats,
Ready to put on the head,
Marked at Prices that will
Surprise.

$2.5, $3.5, $3.98, $4.75, $5.75,
$6.98, $7.98, $9.98.

UNTRIMMED HATS
at 5c, 10c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 29c, 39c,
(Every One worth double or triple.)

OSTRICH TIPS and PLUMES
REDUCED ONE-THIRD.

The Tips at ..... 25 cts. per bunch.
The Tips at ..... 75 cts. per bunch.
The Tips at ..... 98 cts. per bunch.
The Tips at ..... $1.25 per bunch.

FLOWERS.
Fresh Roses and Carnations at
25 cts. and 50 cts. each.
(Worth $1.00 to $2.00.)

THE ALICE HAT
Continues to outsell any other two-dollar
Hat in the city. Our sales exceed
$2,000 PER DAY.
DO NOT FAIL TO INSPECT OUR
Summer Silks at 39 cts. per yard.
IT PAYS TO TRADE AT THE
BEE-HIVE,
276 & 278 State-st.,
LEADING Millinery Establishment
in the Northwest.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE NATIONAL BANK OF ILLINOIS,

M. Ehrman, Cashier.

Real Estate and Loans

REAL ESTATE Bought, Sold, and RENTED on Commission. A large list of Property for sale or rent now always on hand at our office.
LOANS made on Real Estate at lowest rates, including building loans, to responsible parties.
BAIRD & WARNER,
91 La Salle-st.

FOR EUROPE.
Circular Letters of Credit
for travelling purposes at all important points of Europe and other parts of the World, issued by
Union National Bank,
Washington-st., cor. La Salle.

Hazard Powder Co.
Hall & Rayner's "Mob Powder,"

PUT UP
OR
Keep Silent Forever.
THE
BEE-HIVE
WILL
LEADING
Millinery Establishment
IN THE NORTHWEST
CANNOT BE DARED
BY ANYONE!

The following letters we hope all ladies will read for the goodness sake of the good:

CHICAGO, July 2, 1884.
A. S. GAGE, ESQ.:
Dear Sir: The issue of letter by leading retailing millinery establishments of Chicago, offering purchasers of goods to the amount of certain hours selling Millinery Goods on Thursday, is evidently due to their inability of coming to some understanding between themselves regarding period of time, exclusive of Sunday, etc.

In behalf of the Ladies, and as one of their number of good taste, we desire to express our thanks to the Bee-Hive, and other leading millinery houses of the city, for their liberality in not taking advantage of the opportunities offered by Gage & Co. for unreasonably short time (especially when we consider the fact that the Fourth of July comes on Friday, and many ladies will be out of the city on that day), and for their generosity in giving us the benefit of the entire week, and we hope that the Bee-Hive will receive the liberal patronage of the ladies of Chicago and the West that it richly deserves.

(Signed) MRS. GENERAL BALLARD & CO.,
Proprietors of the Bee-Hive.
MRS. H. H. CRANE & CO.,
Proprietors of the Chicago Bee-Hive.
Messrs. Mitchell, Rankin & Co., Druggists, corner of the Bee-Hive.
Gentlemen: Many of your lady customers, myself included, have informed me verbally, but desire to do so in writing, that they have found that the Bee-Hive has given them the benefit of the entire week, and we hope that the Bee-Hive will receive the liberal patronage of the ladies of Chicago and the West that it richly deserves.
Yours truly,
A. S. GAGE.

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A. S. GAGE.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Metropolitan National Bank
OF CHICAGO,
At Chicago, in the State of Illinois, at the close of business June 25, 1884.

M. Ehrman, Cashier.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GO TO
Morgan Park.
The Popular Summer Resort.
Spring Cars Start, Spring Cars Run.
SINCLAIR HOUSE.

PUTNAM
CLOTHING HOUSE
WILL
COMMENCE TODAY
TO MAKE A
CLEAN SWEEP
OF
Summer Goods
AND
Light-Weight Suits.
"The Waterbury."

Men's Fine Flannel Frock Suits, Dark Colors, $5.00.
Men's Fine Flannel Suits, $7.50.
Men's Fine Flannel Suits, $12.00, $15.00.
Men's Fine Tweed Suits, the best Suit to be made, $20.00.
We have them in Cutaway and Prince Albert.

Northwest Corner Clark and Madison-sts.

THE FISHING-LINE.
Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad.
NORTHERN MICHIGAN.

WEST END HOTEL
COTTAGES AND RESTAURANT,
LONG BRANCH, N. J.
Cottages and Restaurant Now Open.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
THE KENSINGTON,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Maplewood Hotel and Cottages,
Maplewood (Essex County), N. J.
STOCKTON HOTEL,
CAPE MAY, N. J.
Saratoga Springs.
United States Hotel.
Season of 1884.
MARKET POINT HOUSE,
SHELTER ISLAND, L. I.

"FIRE AWAY!"
The Mayor says the will be known that 400,000 gallons would not if used would, and would not if they could, prevent

CHICAGO'S GLORIOUS CELEBRATION!
For the next eight years all Chicagoans have looked to
SEA TO SUPPLY THEM
With the old reliable "Chelsea City Fireworks" as well as everything else for
4th JULY!
Fireworks, Fire Crackers, Torpedoes, Rockets, etc., etc.
Cheaper than Ever at Sea's!
Open All Day Tomorrow. See Notice Below.

OPEN TILL NINE TONIGHT.
SEA'S
Wholesale and Retail. Largest Assortment. Lowest Prices.
One Cent
Buys enough Fireworks for a small celebration. ONE CENT buys the following quantity of rockets:
FIREWORKS!
1 American Flag, 4 Extra Blue Lights,
1 Roman Candle Type, 2 Fire-Crackers Rockets,
2 Roman Candles, 2 Fiery Dragons,
1 Whirling Fire Wheel, 2 Fiery Serpents,
AND 100 BOMBETTES! AND 100 BOMBETTES!
Prepaid Over Counter, 10c, 15c, 25c.
For One Cent!
Larger and Finer Fireworks in the world furnished, colored bursts, dragon pinwheels, fire balls, or in assortment suitable for parties, celebrations, at 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00 per dozen.
Fire Crackers - - 4c
Full-Count Fire Crackers (warranted only) 4c.
Torpedoes - - - - 2c
Fine fire crackers, finished at 2c. We mail the 25c or more packages Sea's Fireworks Assortments to the South, Michigan, and most suburbs.
Open on the Fourth.
Our employees are informed that none of them are expected to report for duty July 4th, and are paid as though present. But those who do report will receive "double time." Don't be left, remember they stayed away.
Special 4th July Sale!
OPEN TILL NINE TONIGHT
AT SEA'S.

OPEN TILL NINE TONIGHT.
SEA
celebrates the
This Day!
A specialty throughout
4th JULY SALE!
And there's money for a trade.
All Lawns Reduced.
Down Go Parasols
Each where unexpectedly handle them up.
$1.90 $2.90 $3.90
For 50 Parasols. For 50 Parasols. For 50 Parasols.
The Best Parasols in Chicago for $1.90.
Special Bargains, Wings and Aigrettes Reduced for this sale.
Colored Lace Flouncing, Black Lace, and Lace Goods in great variety.
Fine Black Chantilly Lace, 60in. wide, 75c per yard.
Fine Black Chantilly Flouncing, 5in. wide, 25c per yard.
Fine Embroidered Flouncing, 7in. wide, 25c.
Parties Subscribing to all writings Specials sales of Millinery.
THE SALE OF
SHOES and CLOTHING
Continued for today.
25
THE GREAT CHELSEA Store, the largest exclusive one-price retail house in America.
Open All Day 4th July.
OPEN TILL NINE TONIGHT
AT SEA'S.

UNDERWEAR,
Hosiery, Handkfs, Neckwear,
Suspenders, Shirts, Gloves, and Cuffs.
The Goods of Men's Furnishings dealers for
WILSON BROS.,
113 & 115 State-st.,
Exclusive but one of the most reliable staple styles, but an elegant variety of the
Choicest Novelties
INSPECTION INVITED.

FIRE WORKS!
FOR EVERYONE.
4-foot Rockets, 12 cents; per doz. $1.25.
Blue Lights, per doz. 25 cts. & 50 cts.
HERRIN'S, 240 West Madison-st.

OFFICIAL CANDIDATES.

THE ILLINOIS BOURBONS.

THE STATE OFFICES.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The Cholera Frightening Its Way on the Infected French Coast.

Death of Gen. Gallifet, the Brutal Boulanger Minister of War.

The Franco-Chinese Treaties—English Interests Likely to Suffer—Spain's Lotal Debt.

THE CHOLERA.

THE STATE PURSE.

THE WEATHER.

PORTE MORTE.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

NEW YORK.

A Three-Hundred-Thousand-Dollar Failure in the Dry-Goods Trade.

Rev. Cyril's Curiosity Prompts Him to Visit the Democratic National Convention.

Inquiries for Songs of Student Soldiers for the Howard Real School of Long Beach.

PERILS OF TRADE.

A CLERICAL VISITATION.

MUSICAL PEOPLE.

THE DEMOCRACY.

A TERRIBLE FALL.

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TERMS BY MAIL.

ADVERTISING.

PUBLISHED BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY, CHICAGO.

THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION

A Full and Exclusive Verbatim Report to Be Prepared by The Tribune's Special Staff of Shorthand Writers.

The Tribune will print a full and authentic report of the proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, which meets in Chicago July 7. This report will be prepared by a special staff of the shorthand writers employed by The Chicago Tribune alone. It will not be shared with any other newspaper or association of newspapers, or publication shown or authorized by the owners of any authority whatever except that of the office of this paper. It will not be supplied with any "shorthand" to the interests of any association or political party, but will be a faithful transcript of the proceedings as they actually occur.

The Tribune's report of the Democratic National Convention will be in the departure in that of all competitors as to report of the Republican National Convention was complete vastly better than that provided in any other quarter. The Tribune's report was praised by all visiting journalists as the best.

Subscribers desiring extra copies of The Tribune during the convention should address their orders early to The Tribune Company, Chicago, Ill.

A STUDY IN SHORT SIGHTS.

The present Sunday morning the last part of the month is one series of gun American stories. It is from the pen of Mr. Eve Hale, the title is "A Short-Sight Romance," and the general part of it will appear Sunday, July 5.

The newspaper syndicate that is united with The Tribune in the publication of this series of romantic fiction consists of the New York Sun, the San Francisco Chronicle, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the Cincinnati Enquirer, the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the Boston Herald, the Springfield Republican, and the Syracuse Herald. The various sets of the series appear simultaneously in all these journals, and a very inquiring and interesting newspaper connection it is.

The Tribune gives $100,000 for the relief of the flood sufferers of Poland.

The Queen of [illegible] was conferred on Empress Augusta yesterday by Wilhelm Gotzkow.

Great forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Kingston, Ont. The damage done already is very great.

Charles E. Fuller, of Springfield, Ill., has been nominated as Chief Justice of Utah Territory by the President.

Panama, it is reported, will demand as indemnity of $40,000,000 francs from Dillon for the violation of the canal Panama-Colombia Treaty of Limpieza.

The German Government has given an English shipbuilding firm an order for the construction of a torpedo-boat of enormous proportions—the largest ever built.

Chadwick Simmons, of Carmel, N. J., convicted of manslaughter in beating a policeman to death, was sentenced to ten years' penal servitude yesterday. Severe justice.

W. H. Harrison, of such notoriety, is to assist in have shown to be in accord with the Democratic Senators, and the latter give it out that further deals as at the request of Tillman.

The Dutch yesterday endorsed the bid [illegible] among other candidates: Wilson, of Washington, for Governor of Washington Territory; Gilbert A. Pierce, of Chicago, for Governor of Dakota; Henry G. Vest, of Ohio, Solicitor of the Treasury; Franklin Kelly, United States Marshal of Oregon.

Fifty-seven-inch mills belonging to William Harper & Sons, of Woodberry, Md., have been shut down until September. About 1,000 employés have been thrown out of employment.

Among the House bill passed the Pile Joint Relief bill over the President's veto yesterday an advertisement was immediately moved and carried, and the Democratic majority in delayed to a previous failed still.

Messrs. Dingley and Hitt, the advertising, of the Foreign Affairs Committee requested to examine the question of reciprocity with Canada, have reported against the renewal of the treaty as then.

The Texas delegation to the Democratic gathering here next week will present as Gov. Hubbard for Treasurer or Permanent Chairman. They think that Southern men should be selected for both positions.

Five deaths from cholera were reported at Venice yesterday and two at Marseilles. There are now 110 cholera patients in the hospitals of the former city. There are signs of improvement at Marseilles.

A destructive wind and rain storm from the eight-coast in the district between Washington, D. C., and York, Pa. Houses were wrecked, bridges swept away, and grain and corn fields almost ruined. The damage is very great.

The House yesterday, by a vote of 134 to 91, adopted the Pettibone-Gill memorandum by the minority of the committee which considered the contests. It appropriates $200,000. The majority recommended a bill appropriating $1,100,000.

The House Committee on Elections has decided to recommend to action recommending the seating of Fredericks (Dem.) instead of Wilson (Rep.) from the Fifth Iowa District. The committee will recommend that Wilson be permitted to retain his seat.

Lieutenant-Lincoln is ill Gladstone wireless, in the event of the rejection of the Franchise bill by the Lords, he will not attempt the creation of so many Radical Peers as will pass the measure over the Tory majority in the Upper House. Gladstone will hardly resort to the methods of 1832.

It is reported from Venice that five persons afflicted with cholera have been cured by inhaling pure oxygen. The effect, it is said, is that bacterium speedily is removed to the system and the pulse becomes normal. The cure is the subject of general comment and investigation by physicians and surgeons.

The work on the Republican convention hall for the accommodation of the National Democratic Convention is now completed. In the body of the hall there are seats for ten thousand and one spectators. In the visitors' portion of the hall there are about 1,000 seats more than there were for the Republican gathering.

Senator Gorman is certainly ill at Washington. He is confined to his room at Senator Palmer's residence in that city, and his physicians refuse to admit anybody to see him. He is suffering from nervous prostration, brought on by overwork at Washington and during the Republican National Convention at Chicago.

Professor Abbott has established the fact, U. S. Dimon, a colored man, Chaplain of the Third United States Cavalry. He is a graduate of Howard University at Washington, D. C. The regiment to which he has been appointed is a colored one, with white officers. The appointment gives great satisfaction to the colored people.

It is believed that the great majority of the delegates selected by the Illinois State Democratic Convention yesterday are for Olney, if he will run, as a first choice. Cleveland is the second choice. The convention failed to adopt the unit rule, and candidates are therefore left to act on their individual preferences, or on their constituents may direct.

Lord Salisbury Gladstone pleaded illness for his failure to speak before the Conservatives at Birmingham last night. Chamberlain, it is alleged, brought on the illness. It is stated that the illness is a feint, and that the failure to appear at Birmingham was due to the hostile attitude of the supporters of the Unionist Exclusive, who dare not face Chamberlain on his methods.

The Chicago markets were strongly [illegible] and provisions were more active because a good Southern demand for meats. Trade without to sympathy with Wall street, as compared with Tuesday that stood higher, to the extent of 25 cents on pork, 12½ cents on lard, 25 cents on ribs, 5 cents on wheat, 2 cent on corn, and ½ cent on oats, while rye was steady.

The ultimate grant of the Cleveland letters are on trade for Chicago. Among those are David Starring, ex-Mayor Cooper, Mattie Hutlin, Smith Wood, and Robert G. Thompson. Senator Hutlin, besides his mission in behalf of Cleveland, expects to write the platform for the convention. He has been recently in Washington, and believes he has harmonized differences between the Southern leaders.

In Polk County, New York, which is Gov. Cleveland's home, there is very little opposition to his nomination for the Presidency by the working-class Democrats and the Irish. They say they will not support the under any circumstances. This feeling, it is understood, prevails among the many classes of Slough, Western New York. Many leading Democrats who are not workingmen are also opposed to Cleveland.

It is reported in Washington that Tillman will use his influence to secure the nomination of Sewall by the Democrats. It a committee which waited on him some time ago he expressed a decided preference for the Pennsylvanian, it is said, urging that he was the most available candidate, being acceptable to the high-tariff Democracy of the Eastern States, where the chief battles of the coming campaign have to be fought. The preference of the Democratic leaders at Washington are divided between Sewall and Bissell, a majority inclining to the former.

Commissioner Fallon [illegible] is coming to Chicago to assist, as he says, in framing the platform for the Democracy. He is quite sure the convention will declare for a tariff for revenue only. The party cannot go back of the records in 1876 and 1884 to this subject. The platform, he says, is above candidates. Speaking of candidates, he declares the Blue Belt men are more likely to unite on Gorman than any other. Cleveland cannot unite the party in that State. Boies has no chance, as the Irish [illegible] to him. If this would quickly support Thurman for eight vote, and McDonald is a strong Western candidate.

At a conference of the New York Democratic delegation and the representatives of the remaining congressional [illegible] yesterday the latter refused to commit to the unit to permit representatives to act upon grants denied at New York who had [illegible] to various points in the West. The result was considerable [illegible] that the unit of 40 would get [illegible] they have to go now is quite enough.

The question of delegates to the National Democratic Convention was completed yesterday by the action of the Illinois Democracy at Peoria and a Congressional Convention in North Carolina. The figures for the coming campaign the first complete and reliable list of the men who will nominate the Democratic candidate for President. The result will be found on the first page of the regular sheet.

The Hon. James A. Bridges, a Democratic member of the Kentucky Legislature from the Lexington district, [illegible] a speech in the constitutional discussion [illegible] the party managers in the State. He said they have done nothing for two years but split office, manage the State ticket, and pass free-train resolutions. He thinks there ought to be a new deal. For one he will no longer act with those who have controlled in the past.

The Senate passed the Sundry Civil bill yesterday. The provision for recognition of the Judiciary and for paying United States Marshals and Justice Administration was stricken out, as adopted by the House, were restored. The bill was amended in many other particulars, and appropriations for purposes [illegible] by the House recognized. Total aggregate appropriations provided for by the Senate is $4,000 greater than the bill agreed to by the House.

Professor Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. George Hamlin, Miss Emma Cox, Miss Smith, Miss Wickersham, and Miss Kinsey took passage from New York for Europe yesterday on the steamer Elbe. Mr. Thomas will pass some time in Switzerland, and will attend the performances of "Parsifal" at Bayreuth. The Wagner singers all expressed themselves well pleased with their visit to this country. Miss Kinsey was reported enthusiastic about Chicago and its singers.

A conference of the Tory members of Parliament for the extinct counties and boroughs of England was held at Stirling [illegible] yesterday to consider the Uniform Franchise bill. The conference expressed approval of the principles of the measure, but urged that the counties should go hand in hand with the scheme for the reduction of seats. Lloyd, one of Lord Randolph Churchill's lieutenants, expressed themselves for encouraging public meetings which denounced the House of Lords if they reject or the Franchise measure.

HOW THE BOYS FOUGHT FOR PEACE.

Feb. 1 last the House passed the bill enforcing the Hamilton of Tin Cans Point, March 12 following the Senate passed the bill with amendments attaching the purpose of which was to forbid the carrying arrears of pay. These conditions were eventually accepted by the House, but there was a hanging among Patsy's friends that when the bill was submitted to carrying legal matter it would be found to carry with it the arrears also. It passed the Senate by a small majority, a few Republicans voting for it from motives of economy, a few Democrats who were not in favor of the bill, and perhaps a feeling on the other hand that it had been sufficiently punished by the long doubting. Democratic Republicans voted in the House. The vote Democratic wing, consisted of Southern Democrats who would vote for it in any event on a party measure, and of anti-Republican Democrats who would vote for it in consideration of the services rendered them, despite their opinion of good laws to so doing, were sufficient to pass it, though there were not enough Republicans to that body who also went on the electoral to the enthusiasm of their constituents as to vote with the Democrats.

The President has had the bill long enough to give it careful consideration, and has at last done his duty by vetoing it, and the veto comes with double force—first, as the official act of the President, and second, as the act of the Commander-in-Chief of the army, forbidding a common soldier and an officer who has not violated the first duty of a soldier to unlawfully refusing to obey the orders of his superior to return to the army—an offense followed straight at war time, death by an order issued for all a time of great danger, and nearly if ever before allowed to pass without the extreme punishment of death.

It is useless at this time to discuss the circumstances of the John Tyler's relative of military duty or the sometimes unwise evils followed from it. They are already familiar to our readers. He was confronted by a much-worried of his power to such and his exercise is largely and entirely character, and the decision was approved by Lincoln and Garfield, by the soldiers of the army, and by the vast majority of the Northern people who conducted the War for the Union. From the time when [illegible] John Tyler has had the [illegible] to regard his countrymen as the [illegible] to treat private soldiers until now the [illegible] has not found a single [illegible] who has not been [illegible] and to which they have to pay now is quite enough.

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THE BANKER AT PEORIA.

Joseph Chamberlain Medill and Colonel Charles McDonald got in their "fine work" at the Peoria Convention yesterday. While the hireling habitués and wire-pullers were [illegible] to the tents, bring and dragging out the Democratic Cabinet to a fixed condition, nothing which operations starting with the Chairman, saying time to get there were on and for the Gold resolutions and all there in the most pliant manner. It commenced to work in the district delegations, Medill heading and McDonald [illegible] in the First and completing the job by short [illegible], while McDougall carried the [illegible], in the Third or the position of Carter Harrison in the Second Congressional, but the work was not complete until Medill and McDonald a place on the State Central Committee as a matter of form.

The final work of the machine was done, however, in the selection of delegates-at-large by the committee appointed to recommend them to the convention. It was to this [illegible] Medill and McDonald had finally, Harrison, but Donahue would secure the [illegible], as the result proved. The machine's selection of Gibbs, O'Neal, and Seibright as members of the committee called for [illegible]. Harrison was not elected at all, and did not appear in the final count. Donahue was not elected at all, though he got a [illegible] vote, but was beaten by Lambert Tree with eleven. For the other three delegates-at-large—Black, Turner, and Morrison—there was no contest. Even into the work of the machine was not complete. The regular slate was put on by the recommendation of [illegible] Medill or otherwise into [illegible] city and county sub-men of the committee lying with each other to secure the [illegible] of the State.

It was a great day for the machine. Carter Harrison, Donahue, Harrison Fuller, Gentry, Judd, all went down before it, and during the whole day not as much as a gong was heard from the "Wandering Boy." Medill and McDonald seemed themselves [illegible] and their [illegible] from city and county practically [illegible] them with [illegible]. This gentleman will go into the National Convention with the prestige of victory, and will be in a position to ask to the machine for more "fine work." How it will operate in the larger arena remains to be seen, but one fact does will make a gain who underrate the organizing capacity, the unerring ability and the executive tact of Joseph Chamberlain when backed by Medill Carter. As for Chicago it was proved also will be represented in the Platform Committee by the making representative of the Democratic party, who have been to triumphs and have the best of its [illegible]. This is no more than they deserve to "lead on."

THE DEMOCRATS AND THE FLAG.

The tariff is a favorite issue in the Democratic party. The disagreement among the Democrats in Congress, which led to the defeat of the Wilson bill, proved this. It is impossible to see how the issue is to be avoided in the successful next month. Carlisle, Gorman, and Blackburn will be here to demand a paper representation for the free-trade wing, and Sewall, Bailey, and Bacon will be here to demand a resolution of the protection wing in the party platform. Democrats of both factions favored a 40% cent contest on this subject, but hope that it may be confined to the Committee on Resolutions and free to voters to some extent from the public view. They may be able to hush the Democrats in the Committee-room, and the irreconcilability and antipathy of their internal differences may be concealed in that extent. But there will be no concealment of the result. The platform must tell the story and reveal the results of the committee room; and, whatever it may say on both, the world considers one majority fact to Democratic voters.

It is easy to discern the elements of fatal coming both factions. When the Brooklyn bill was adopted Democrats denounced that the extent over the tariff policy of the Democratic party would be manifested from Congress to the Chicago Convention, and subject to be printed the most scathing article on the Sewall faction and to intimidate. Carlisle denounces plainly that the collapse is coming to Chicago is to be expected. The savage vituperation of Sewall upon the tariff plank of the platform." At the same time, the bolters which Sewall displayed in leading an open revolt against the extreme reference on the floor of Congress serve to exhibit that he and his protection associates in the convention will fight for recognition. This is confirmed by the utterances of the New York Sun, which advocates an improvement in behalf of the protection wing likely to be the most effective one; the disapproval declaration of the Democracy to save the platform small, declare in favor of a revenue tariff. There is no wrestling for leverage of the Sun's article, from which the following paragraph is an extract:

> The way out requires the least one step on the other. The part that supporting schools in the [illegible] platform is frankly and boldly declared in favor of [illegible] to meet the necessities of the Government economically administered. Such a declaration will [illegible] the

GENERAL POLITICAL NEWS

Views Claimed as Being Both for and Against Cleveland's Nomination.

Many Daily Views Reporting the Action Enthusiastic—Southern Delegates.

Pennsylvania Vetoes Insurance Appeal to Radical—Record and the Solid South—Patterson of Delegates.

SILVER

PLANK FIXED

PENNSYLVANIA

NEW JERSEY

THE CLEVELAND SITUATION

AT WASHINGTON

ILLINOIS

AT ALTGELD

AT CHICAGO

WEST VIRGINIA

THE CLEVELAND SITUATION

NEW YORK

NEW JERSEY

THE CONVENTION HALL

THE DEMOCRATIC CAMP

Chas. Gossage & Co.

Retired, Washington st.

SILK GLOVE SALE

Of extraordinary interest to purchasers, in order to close out surplus of this season's importations. It embraces the best makes, best qualities, best styles, and most desirable shades. The reductions are very large, ranging from

30 to 40 per cent Below Former Prices.

A lot of special shades (does not include all colors) are reduced to

50 cts. a Pair.

That were formerly $1.00, $1.25, and $1.75 a pair; unquestionably the cheapest Silk Gloves ever offered.

A lot of special shades Silk Gloves at 75c pair, reduced from $1.00; this lot includes only two or three colors.

Chas. Gossage & Co.

WILL CLOSE ON

Saturday Afternoons At 1 O'clock

DURING

July and August.

STYLISH

HATS

For Summer Wear

"Henry the 4th,"
"Belle Russe,"
"The Newport."

We are constantly in receipt of novelties from Paris.

W. H. HAGEDON,

42 and 44 East Madison st.

BROWN'S **IRON BITTERS**

THE BEST TONIC.

NO POISON

AMMONIA, ALUM,

OR OTHER INJURIOUS DRUG IN

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

FOR SALE.

BURLEY & CO.

83 & 85 Madison st.

Fine Art Pottery.

CHINA & GLASS TABLE WARE.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

The Fitz John Porter Bill Vetoed by the President—The House's Action.

Passage of the Sundry Civil Appropriation Measure in the Senate.

Lively Time for the Expressing Clubs in the House—Senator Colton Quits It.

(FITZ JOHN PORTER.
Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—[Special.]—Fitz John Porter has been laid before his friends for the last time. The President, at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon, sent to the Senate a message vetoing the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter. The message was read in the Senate at 1 o'clock, and the bill was passed over the President's veto by a vote of 52 to 14. Only 48 votes were necessary to pass the bill over the President's veto, and the friends of Fitz John Porter had counted on 50 votes. Four Democrats who had voted for the bill when it passed the Senate changed their votes and voted to sustain the President's veto. Those who changed their votes were Senators Berry, Blackburn, Gibson and Jones of Arkansas. Senator Gibson was absent when the bill was passed, but he had announced that he would vote for it. Senator Blackburn was paired with Senator Hoar, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Berry changed his vote at the last moment. Senator Jones of Arkansas was the only Democrat who voted to sustain the President's veto who had not previously announced his intention to do so. Senator Vest was paired with Senator Wolcott, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Vest would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Jones of Arkansas was paired with Senator Allen, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Allen would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Harris was paired with Senator Pettigrew, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Harris would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Pettigrew would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Faulkner was paired with Senator Mitchell of Oregon, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Faulkner would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Mitchell would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Turpie was paired with Senator Call, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Turpie would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Call would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Walthall was paired with Senator Gray, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Walthall would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Gray would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Mills was paired with Senator Hill, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Mills would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Hill would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Cockrell was paired with Senator Sherman, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Cockrell would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Sherman would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Gorman was paired with Senator Wilson of Maryland, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Gorman would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Wilson would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Brice was paired with Senator Smith, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Brice would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Smith would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Kyle was paired with Senator Peffer, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Kyle would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Peffer would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Pasco was paired with Senator Daniel, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Pasco would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Daniel would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Morgan was paired with Senator Pugh, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Morgan would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Pugh would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Vilas was paired with Senator Caffery, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Vilas would have voted to sustain the President's veto. Senator Caffery would have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto. Senator Blanchard was paired with Senator Caffery, who was absent when the vote was taken. Senator Blanchard

RAILROADS.

Western Trunk-Line Association Shortens the Time of Its Through Freights.

Railroad Freight Classification—A Report of Interest Entered Suddenly.

Reduction in Time of Freights Further Between Chicago and Boston.

The Several Managers of the various roads in the Western Trunk-Line Association met in the office of the Commissioner yesterday and agreed to shorten the time of through freights between Chicago and Boston. It has already been shortened to the fast time by the Grand Trunk Railway, and therefore the Trunk-Line roads will be subjected to the fast time by Toronto and Montreal. The new time will be as follows: Chicago to Boston, 60 hours; Chicago to Portland, Me., 60 hours; Chicago to Albany, 48 hours; Chicago to Troy, 48 hours; Chicago to Buffalo, 36 hours. The Trunk-Line roads will also agree to the fast time by the Grand Trunk Railway between Chicago and Montreal, and between Montreal and Portland, Me., and Boston. The Grand Trunk Railway will also agree to the fast time by the Trunk-Line roads between Buffalo and Albany, Troy, Boston, and Portland, Me. The Trunk-Line roads will also agree to the fast time by the Grand Trunk Railway between Buffalo and Montreal. The Trunk-Line roads will also agree to the fast time by the Grand Trunk Railway

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Jason Houghton, U. S. A., is in the School.

L. T. Dickason, Mayor of Dunlith, is at the Grand.

James Ewing Biddle, of London, Eng., author of several books of travel and biographies, is at the Sherman.

The Rev. Edgar E. Jones and Daniel Shapiro, delegates from New York to the National Democratic Convention, are at the Grand.

Gen. E. De Barry, of Columbia, S. C., Judge Isaac D. Wing of Rushford, Wis., and S. J. Beatty, M.P., of England, Ontario, are at Pacific.

Mr. Moses Hopkins, of San Francisco, brother of the dead millionaire, was in the city two hours yesterday on his way home from the East. He was the guest of Mr. Bill, of the Grand avenue, and attended the Washington Park races with him.

IN GENERAL.

The Directors of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank at their meeting assigned a 6 per cent semi-annual dividend and added $50,000 to the surplus.

Five men were arrested yesterday on Halsted street, near Harrison, for violating the building ordinance by erecting a two-story frame building.

The Summer School of Science in connection with the Harper Park Theological Seminary opened Tuesday afternoon with an address of seven eighty-one and eighty-two hundred dollars.

A girl baby 6 days old was found in the hallway of No. 241 West Erie street yesterday by Officer Hoffman, and taken in front of the Chamberlain Block, and left on the sidewalk in front of No. 136 South Water street.

July 4 the Pacific and stables will open at 9 a. m. for the day and afternoon and night sports will close at that hour. Over the house and new attraction will be made to the Exhibition.

The annual review of the Chicago Turn Verein commences today. The first will leave the Schwaben at 2 o'clock this afternoon and will participate in the reports at that place Sunday. All societies that is anticipated.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Sergeant Ayerigan, of Hudson street, Chamberlain Building, was: 7 a. m., 72°; 9 a. m., 78°; 12 m., 80°; 3 p. m., 82°; 6 p. m., 82°; 9 p. m., 81°; 12 p. m., 77°; 3 a. m., 72°; 6 a. m., 72°. Barometer, 9 a. m., 29.91; 9 p. m., 29.92.

Judge Tuley took twelve prisoners to Joliet penitentiary. Their sentences amounted all to 111 years. Among the convicts were four habitual criminals and Edward F. Thomas, the real estate shyster, who was sentenced to three years' servitude.

Assessor T. B. Ryan, of the Town of West Chicago, swears that his assessment is finished, and after hearing the books will be ready to return to the County Clerk this week. The assessment is quoted at quarter of a million.

Some contemptible cur has been guilty of sending several young girls to Lake View some astonishing obscene and impudent letters. Some of these were exceedingly lurid. Yesterday Mr. Gregory H. Bunnell caused the arrest of Henry Miller, who, he alleges, was the author of the disgraceful epistles. He was held in $500 bail by Justice Hunter this morning.

At the monthly meeting of the Board of Managers of the Home for the Friendless yesterday, Henry Field, the newly-elected Probate Justice, presented. The receipts for the home for the month have been $1,401; expenditures, $1,200. Cash on hand, $1,000; outstanding, $1,000. Mrs. Field was put in charge of the home. Miss Bessie was appointed assistant matron, and Mrs. E. S. Chandler and Mrs. S. W. Peters added to the Board of Managers.

An extended holiday program will be offered at the Union Park tomorrow. In the morning there will be a children's grand prize exercise, when, as will be at the afternoon and evening a large number of dancers will give exhibitions. Tonight the last night of the season at the pavilion and the management have announced that the children's exercise will be a grand affair.

John Crowley, alias Kean, the villainous Kean the gentleman yesterday morning, had his bailiff's short term for larceny. While en route to Chicago a fellow train passing in this city by with a lot from that Pullman, a Rock Island conductor, who was formerly in the employ of the Pullman Company, and who was also in the employ of the Pullman Company, and who was also in the employ of the Pullman Company, and who was also

KICKERS

still making enemies
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interests of the public.
to expose the character,
of adulterated baking
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properties, and many of
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Royal will unhesitatingly
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e market of these danger

GEO. F. GOSS & CO.
ts, Shoes, and Slippers,
te Sale Department,
KERY & GLASSWARE
Day, July 2, 9:30 a. m.
Our of W. G. Ware,
C. C. Rock, and Yellow Ware
Glass and Plated Ware,
Chandeliers, Bronzes, &c.
Chamber Sets,
SHERIFF'S SALE.
Ladies' Cloth, 3 Inverp Raincoats, Be-
skirts, Carpets, &c.
MANAGER, OPERIAN,
S MIDLAND RAILWAY.
CURRENT"
A. C. CRAIG,
ERS

CONVENTION NO. 2.

Complete List of the Delegates Who Will Assemble Here Next Week.

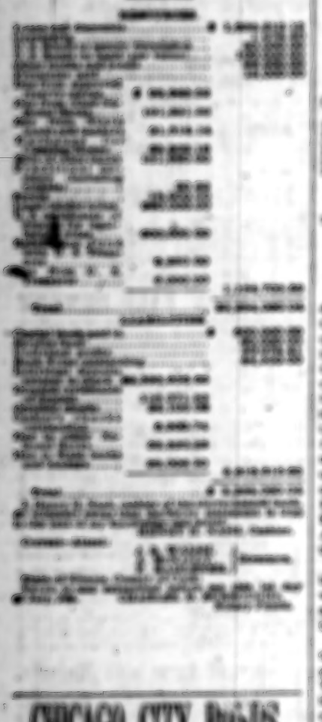
The Entirely Uninstructed and Wholly at the State Editor's Disposal.

Also of the New York Split—The Fight Between Hunt and Wear—Chairman Jack Babcock, et al.

CONVENTION DELEGATES.

[Here will be found a list of the 984 delegates to the Democratic National Convention, including the new delegates from each of the Territories, who will be allowed to vote, for the first time. The preference of the several States has been much more difficult to ascertain than usual, owing to the fact that the Democratic State Conventions which were held in many States were composed of delegates elected before the free silver sentiment had developed to its present strength. In many States the Democratic

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Chicago National Bank,
AT CHICAGO,



CHICAGO CITY BONDS.

FOR SALE—Chicago City 4 Per Cent Bonds of the new issue, due in 1924.

GERHARD FOREMAN,
BANKER,
102 WASHINGTON-ST.

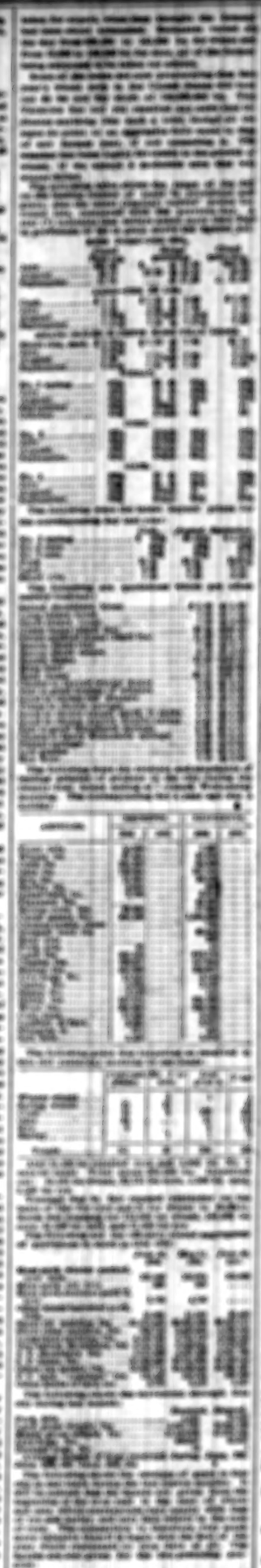
Minnesota State Bonds
WANTED BY
KOHN, POPPER & CO.,
66 Broadway, New York.

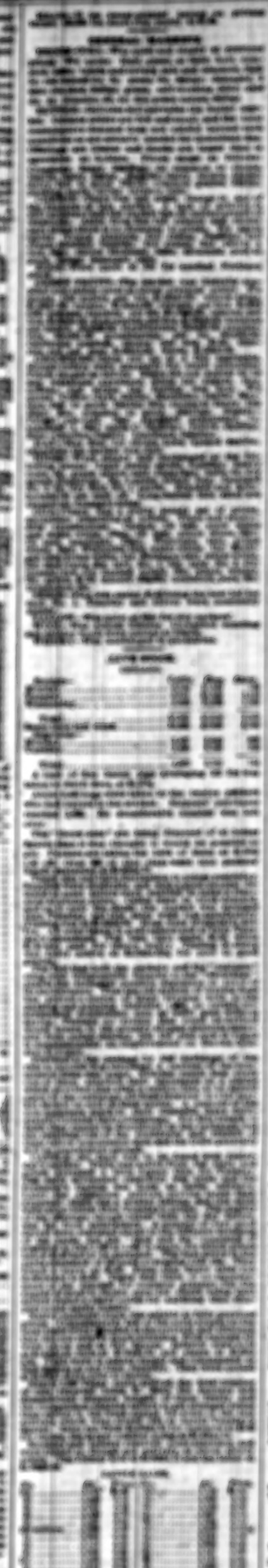
BUSINESS.

A Strong and Advancing Stock Market—The Rates for Money in Chicago.

The Produce Markets Strengthen, Values Here Active, with a Good Business Demand.

Grain Interest is Sympathetic with Wall Street—A Bullish Export Movement.





THE ADOLPH MISSION.

Scenes at a Night Meeting—Experiences of Some of the Converts.

One of the Unfortunates Inclined to Take a Day on Their Sincerity.

"Now I am Brother Parker sitting down here," said the leader of the Gospel meeting at the Adolph Mission Tuesday night, "and I'm going to tell him to come forward and stay a while for me." "Sing the hymn, 'Down Here There,'" shouted a man with a cornet to the audience. Mr. Parker sang "I'm Glad That Down There," and 100 more poor men, after hearing the hymn of a rich City mission to the needy there. Then one the half-dozen women and it would have been such a scene, as far as look go, as could be pushed at the Adolph to the merrier then. For they danced, apparently with deep interest, to the quick, silly air of which the U. T. Parker sang the French hymn were sung. The half an hour before the meeting opened a mammoth placard, Merry and Healthy Dance, during the hymns, was hung before the platform. Adolph to commence dancing as a great deal of the interest manifested in every way. Interesting the non-supplementary meet were.

Sunday Services.

The "Gathering" procession at the mid noon Sunday has died. The hearty men are on the street without a small crowd and not a hymn-singing way of singing and Brother John, in the audience, called for short speeches. A young man in the service of the Union was said with the last song. Then Brother Bond took the floor. "I'm glad to see this good Union Brother John in the audience. There's a young fellow in his mid-teen and somewhere round the audience I saw that I had left to serious service. He's still God glad he was to be there. "I'm the first," said he, "as I stated on the way with me. My mother accompanied me and I am very happy. I've come to Christ since I was in the audience." A young man in the audience got down there. He stood at the mourner's bench and was soon joined by others. "I am so glad to be here. I am so glad. I have done the backsliding to this place. But that is not to be. I will pray. Now I have decided as a Christian from here. I've come to all the old places in Chicago and promised God that I would be true." The last hymn was sung and Brother John, in the audience, called for short speeches.